

# New Brunswick Credit Union

Deposit  
Insurance  
Corporation

**2016  
Annual Report**



**New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation  
Annual Report 2016**

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# Transmittal letter

April 14, 2017

Honourable Cathy Rogers  
Minister of Finance  
P.O. Box 6000  
Fredericton, NB E3B 5H1

Dear Minister:

By virtue of its statutory requirement under section 235 of the *Credit Unions Act*, the board of directors wishes to present to you the 23rd Annual Report of the New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The board and I would be pleased to answer any questions that you may have and to provide you with any additional information that you may require.

Yours very truly,

Jerry Mazerolle  
Chair





# Message from the Chair

## On behalf

of the board of directors of the New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation, I am pleased to present the 2016 annual report.

The year 2016 was another successful year for New Brunswick credit unions, the Brunswick Credit Union Stabilization Fund (known as the Risk Management Agency (RMA)) and the New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation (NBCUDIC). The positive financial results of New Brunswick credit unions demonstrate their ability to adapt to a highly competitive and difficult economic environment. As a result, no credit union required financial assistance from RMA or NBCUDIC in the year.

Following the 2016 restructuring of the Government of New Brunswick, the administration of the *Credit Unions Act* was transferred from the Minister of Justice to the Minister of Finance. NBCUDIC, a Crown Corporation created under the Act, now reports to the Minister of Finance. As part of this realignment, the Deputy Minister of Justice is no longer a member of the board of directors. We thank the Minister of Justice and the officials of the Department for their support and contribution to NBCUDIC since its creation in 1994. The NBCUDIC board of directors is now comprised of six members as opposed to seven previously. The Bill that amended the *Credit Unions Act* to implement these changes became effective on December 16, 2016.

The board held four regular meetings in 2016. One of the primary purposes of the NBCUDIC board meetings is to monitor the financial performance of credit unions, the results of on-site inspections and other regulatory matters by receiving an update from the Superintendent of Credit Unions.

The CEOs of RMA and Atlantic Central accepted an invitation to provide the board with an annual update on the current state of the credit union system. The board views these presentations as very beneficial as they help to better understand the challenges surrounding credit unions and the important contribution credit unions make in their communities. The CEO of RMA also gave a presentation to the board on the activities of RMA with regards to inspection and ongoing monitoring of credit unions.

A significant event occurred on July 1st 2016 when the caisses populaires acadiennes merged as a single entity and transferred to federal jurisdiction. This means the caisses populaires acadiennes are no longer subject to any of the provisions of the New Brunswick *Credit Unions Act*. Deposits of caisses populaires acadiennes members are now insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation. Consequently, this has resulted in a large reduction of deposits insured by NBCUDIC.

Although there were no mergers of New Brunswick credit unions affiliated with RMA in 2016, it is likely that we will see further consolidation in the future. At the Atlantic and national levels, we are seeing important initiatives to restructure and improve the cost effectiveness of the institutions that credit unions have created to support their operations.

The work of NBCUDIC is carried out by the CEO and Corporate Secretary, the only full time staff person. NBCUDIC has entered into a Secondment Agreement with the Financial and Consumer Services Commission (FCNB) to secure the services of the CEO and other support services. NBCUDIC relies extensively on the work of RMA and the Office of the Superintendent to ensure credit unions meet appropriate risk management standards and follow sound business practices. The board appreciates the important contribution of RMA and the Superintendent to the work of the Corporation as this enables us to avoid duplication of effort and operate at reduced costs. NBCUDIC did not impose a levy in 2016 and has not required any contribution from the credit union system for a number of years.

I am pleased to report that the attendance and participation of our board members continued to be excellent in 2016 and I thank them for their efforts. I also extend my appreciation to Jean-Guy LeBlanc, CEO and Corporate Secretary, for his dedication and professionalism in leading the Corporation during the past year.

Finally I would like to extend my appreciation to our key partners: Étienne LeBoeuf, Designate Superintendent for his valuable advice and input at our board meetings; also Mark Flewelling, CEO of RMA and the board of RMA for their effective monitoring and supervision of credit unions.



Jerry Mazerolle  
Chair



# Statutory objectives

The Corporation was established and obtains its mandate and authority under Part XIII of the *Credit Unions Act* (Chapter C-32.2) (Act) assented to Dec. 11, 1992.

## **The legislated mandate of the Corporation from Section 216 of the *Credit Unions Act*:**

- to provide, for the benefit of persons having deposits with credit unions in New Brunswick, deposit insurance against loss of part or all of such deposits by making payment to the persons to the extent and in the manner authorized by the Act and the regulations;
- in such circumstances as the Corporation considers appropriate, to assist stabilization boards in providing financial assistance to credit unions; and
- to do such other things as may be required or authorized by the legislation.

## **Other key provisions found in the *Credit Unions Act* include:**

- maintain a deposit insurance fund;
- may request funds from the Stabilization Fund to payout claims for deposits of members in the event of the liquidation of the credit union;
- review and set the minimum size of the Stabilization Fund every three years;
- may request information or assistance as it may require from a stabilization board to achieve its purpose;
- may direct a stabilization board to assume costs and expenses in relation to the activities of the Corporation;
- may request information required to fulfill its mandate from the Superintendent;
- may borrow funds or levy credit unions;
- must provide funds to the Stabilization Fund to enable the Fund to meet the minimum set by NBCUDIC;
- may carry out an inspection of a credit union.





# \$250,000 deposit insurance coverage

## What is covered?

The Corporation insures eligible deposits under the following circumstances held in each member credit union up to a maximum of \$250,000 (principal and interest combined) per depositor, for each of the following deposits:

- accounts held in one name;
- accounts held in trust for someone else;
- deposits held jointly in two or more names;
- registered in RRSPs (Registered Retirement Savings Plans);
- registered in RRIFs (Registered Retirement Income Funds); and
- TFSA deposits.

## What is an eligible deposit?

A combination of savings, chequing accounts, term deposits and guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) with an original term to maturity of five years or less, money orders, and certified cheques;

Deposits must be payable in Canada, in Canadian currency.

## What is not covered?

The Corporation does not insure all accounts and financial products. The following are not covered:

- deposits made or payable by a member that are not repayable in Canadian dollars (e.g., accounts in U.S. dollars);
- term deposits and guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) with an original term to maturity of more than five years;
- bonds and debentures issued by governments and corporations;
- membership shares and other types of shares issued by credit unions;
- treasury bills; and
- investments in mutual funds and stocks.

For more information on deposit insurance consult our website at [www.assurance-nb.ca](http://www.assurance-nb.ca), you may reach us toll free at 866 933-2222 or by email at [trust@gnb.ca](mailto:trust@gnb.ca).



# Board of directors

At December 31, 2016

The board of directors is administered by six persons (seven prior to December 16th, 2016), four appointed by the Minister of Finance; the Deputy Minister of Finance or his or her designate and the Superintendent of Credit Unions.

The Board held four quarterly meetings and no special meetings in 2016. Attendance was as follows:

March 31st: 7 of 7

June 23rd: 5 of 7

October 6th: 6 of 7

December 15th: 6 of 7



**Jerry Mazerolle (Inkerman), Chair** - After two years at the engineering school of the Collège Saint-Joseph in Moncton, N.B., Jerry Mazerolle worked as a production control analyst from 1960 to 1965 in the laboratory of the then Québec Cartier Mining Co. at Lac Jeannine, Québec. He obtained a Bachelor of Commercial Science at l'Université de Moncton in 1969, then started his career as a senior accountant with the accounting firm McDonald Currie and Co. in Sept-Îles, Québec. From 1970 to 1979, he was the general manager of the Caisse populaire de Caraquet Ltée.

From 1979 to 1982, Mr. Mazerolle studied at l'Université de Moncton Law school before joining la Fédération des caisses populaires acadiennes Ltée, where he worked as a technical consultant in charge of federal and provincial student loans within the network of caisses populaires acadiennes.

He was the founding president of le Service à la famille péninsule and le Centre jeunes musicales péninsule acadienne, and president of le Conservatoire de musique de l'Acadie. From 2008 to 2012, he was a director of the Canada Council for the Arts. He currently serves on the board of directors of the New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Mr. Mazerolle and his wife, Lorraine Brière, have two children and three grandchildren.





**Leonard Lee-White (Fredericton), Designate** - Leonard Lee-White is the Assistant Deputy Minister, Treasury Division in the Department of Finance for the Province of New Brunswick. Previously he worked in the natural gas and banking industries and has held progressively more senior level positions within the New Brunswick public service. In addition to the duties on the board of the New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation, Mr. Lee-White is a member of a number of Crown corporation boards of directors and several independent pension plan boards of trustees.

Mr. Lee-White has a Chartered Financial Analyst designation and received a Master in Business Administration from the Ivey School of Business in London, Ontario and engineering and science degrees from Dalhousie University.



**Richard L. Roach (Oromocto)** - Richard L. Roach was raised in Aroostook, N.B. He graduated from Southern Victoria High School in Perth-Andover, N.B., with honours in 1972. He attended St. Thomas University, graduating in 1976 with a Bachelor of Arts. He then attended the faculty of law at the University of New Brunswick and received a Bachelor of Laws in 1978. He was admitted to the New Brunswick Bar in June 1978. He practiced as an associate lawyer with the firm of McKee, Calabrese and Whitehead in Oromocto and Fredericton, N.B., from 1978 to 1980. In 1981, he formed a partnership with Ronald Morris, which continued until 2001, when he opened his own firm, Richard L. Roach Law Office, in Oromocto.

Since then, Mr. Roach has practiced extensively in real property law, family law, wills and estates and criminal law. He has provided numerous pre-retirement seminars at 5th Canadian Division Support Base Gagetown for military and civilian personnel. Mr. Roach also served as a legal adviser for the Canadian Armed Forces Office of the Judge Advocate General (Reserve) from 1989 to 2005.

In addition to his professional life, he has been a member of numerous community organizations, including the Oromocto Rotary Club (charter member), Oromocto Training and Employment Centre Inc., Oromocto Public Hospital Foundation Inc. and Oromocto and Area Basketball Association Inc. He is currently serving as a volunteer for the Burton, N.B. chapter of Ducks Unlimited.

He is married to Sandra Jessop-Roach, who is a CPA employed by the Government of New Brunswick. They have two children.



**Étienne Thériault (New Maryland)** - Étienne Thériault is a retired senior public servant with the Government of New Brunswick. During a 33 year career, he held senior regional and provincial positions with the Departments of Social Services, Board of Management, Finance and Health. He obtained a Bachelor of Arts from le Collège de Bathurst (Université de Moncton), a Masters of Social Work from Saint Mary's University in Halifax, N.S., and a Masters of Public Administration from l'Université de Moncton.

Mr. Thériault has extensive knowledge and experience with the caisses populaires network. He served on the board of directors of the Fredericton, N.B., and Beauséjour caisses populaires as a director and board chair for 19 years, a three-year term with the board of directors of the Fédération des caisses populaires acadiennes and two years on the board of directors of l'Office de stabilisation de la Fédération des caisses populaires acadiennes. He is chair of the board of the Fredericton YMCA Endowment Fund.



**Francis LeBlanc (Dieppe)** - After completion of his Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Education at the Université de Moncton in 1969 and 1971, Mr. LeBlanc taught at the high school level in the Moncton area for 2 years. In 1973, he began a new career in the investment and life insurance industry followed by a twenty year career in the general insurance business as an account representative and regional manager for the Atlantic Provinces with Lumbermen's Underwriting Alliance. In 1998, he completed the Professional Financial Planning Course with the Canadian Securities Institute. He then became an associate and investment advisor with Dundee Securities Ltd in Moncton from 1999 to 2009 before his retirement in early 2010.

From 1998 to 2008, Mr. LeBlanc was an elected councillor in the city of Dieppe during which he served as deputy mayor for 4 years. He was elected vice-president of the New Brunswick Cities Association for 3 years and served on various municipal and association committees during his 10 years as city councillor. He was a director and board chairman of the Caisse Populaire de Dieppe Ltée from 1983 to 1992 and a founding member and president of the board of directors of a non-profit housing organization, la Résidence J. Régis- LeBlanc located in Dieppe from 2006 to 2015. He is also a past member and director of the Dieppe Rotary Club for 10 years. He served as chairman of the New Brunswick Municipal Employees Pension Board from 2006 to 2014.

Mr. LeBlanc and his wife, Louise LeBlanc, have three children and two grandchildren.



**Étienne LeBoeuf (Dieppe)** - Étienne LeBoeuf is the Director of Financial Institutions with the Financial and Consumer Services Commission, an independent Crown Corporation established by the government of New Brunswick. He is responsible for the administration of the *Credit Unions Act*, the *Cooperative Associations Act*, and the *Loan and Trust Companies Act*.

Mr. LeBoeuf has over 25 years' management and leadership experience in the public and private sectors. He has held several senior financial roles including: Partner with the accounting firm LeBlanc Nadeau Bujold; Senior Accountant with the NB Office of the Comptroller; Director of Finance with the NB Department of Education; Director of Finance, Individual Insurance and Financial Services with Assumption Life; Financial Manager with UPS Canada; Senior Manager with Ernst & Young, and Chief Financial Officer with Co-op Atlantic.

He holds a Bachelor of Administration degree from l'Université de Moncton, and received a Licence in Accounting Sciences from l'Université Laval, Québec. Mr. LeBoeuf is a board member of the NB Credit Union's Risk Management Agency, and a member of the Credit Union Prudential Supervisors Association. He was also a council member for the NB Institute of Chartered Accountants.

During his career, Mr. LeBoeuf has also been involved in his community as treasurer of La Fondation du Baccalauréat International/École Mathieu Martin Inc., Dieppe, NB, and was a board member of the Dieppe-Memramcook Minor Hockey Association. In recognition of his community commitment, he was awarded an Outstanding Volunteer Honorary Certificate from the City of Dieppe.



# Committees of the board

## **Bylaw committee**

Vacancy, chair

Richard Roach

Vacancy

The Bylaw committee did not hold any meetings in 2016.

## **Audit committee**

Leonard Lee-White, chair

Étienne Thériault

Francis LeBlanc

The Audit committee held two meetings in 2016. The first was in March to approve the financial statements and the annual report. The second was held in December in preparation for the audit of the 2016 financial statements. All Committee members were present at both meetings as well as the external auditor.



# Message from the CEO and Corporate Secretary



There are currently 10 credit unions whose members have deposit insurance coverage from NBCUDIC. These credit unions are providing services to 65,641 members in 26 branches and are present in many NB communities. Although the trend in the industry is for greater consolidation, the number of credit unions affiliated with RMA has remained the same since 2012. In the past, NB credit unions have often realized economies of scale by merging. Mergers are likely to occur in the future but it is also imperative that credit unions seek to transform themselves to meet the needs of tomorrow's members.

In light of the current challenges faced by credit unions across the country, important developments are taking place. The goal of many of these initiatives is to become more cost effective and to be able to provide competitive products to the members, often by making greater use of technology. Some of these initiatives are regional in scope and others are national. Realizing economies of scale is key to reducing costs. This is becoming vital to the long term prosperity of many credit unions. NBCUDIC relies on the efforts of the regulators, the Superintendent and RMA, to ensure that changes introduced in credit unions do not raise new financial risks that are not properly mitigated.

The merger and transfer of the caisses populaires acadiennes to federal jurisdiction has had significant implications for NBCUDIC and the regulatory oversight conducted by the Financial and Consumer Services Commission. For NBCUDIC, deposits insured dropped from \$3.9 billion to \$920 million. Similar to other federal institutions, members of caisses populaires acadiennes now receive deposit insurance protection from the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation. The deposit insurance coverage of NBCUDIC extends only to members of the 10 credit unions that operate under provincial legislation.

In order to remain well informed of the trends and new developments in credit unions, I attend the regional meetings of credit unions held in the fall and spring by Atlantic Central. I also attend the annual meeting of the Credit Union Provincial Supervisors Association (CUPSA) to gain insights into the practices of deposit insurers and regulators in other Canadian jurisdictions. These meetings provide information on current trends identified in credit unions and the financial services industry which is very beneficial in providing advice to the Board.

In closing, I would like to thank the Designate Superintendent and his staff as well as RMA and Atlantic Central for their excellent cooperation during the year. I also wish to express my appreciation to the board of directors of the Corporation for its continued guidance and support during the year.

Jean-Guy LeBlanc, CPA, CA  
CEO and Corporate Secretary





# Discussion and analysis

## NBCUDIC Results

The Corporation maintains a Deposit Insurance Fund that totaled \$3.9 million at 31 December 2016. The assets are primarily short term investments that can be liquidated on short notice if needed. Details of the investments held are presented in Note 4 of the Audited Financial Statements later in this report.

The expenses incurred by NBCUDIC in 2016 totaled \$230,994, a decrease of 16% over the 2015 expenses of \$274,379. The more significant expenses are for professional services and are incurred in our ongoing efforts to recover on the financial assistance provided previously by the Provincial Government. NBCUDIC also benefits from the contribution of staff and office space provided at no cost by the Financial and Consumer Services Commission, valued at an additional \$127,976.

The income of NBCUDIC is derived from its investments and totaled \$52,040 in 2016 (2015 - \$114,142). The reduction is primarily due to the maturity of investments that represent a large portion of the fund in December 2015 and their reinvestment at lower rates. In the current low rate environment, it is not possible to realize revenues similar to those of the past.

### Financial information (Actual to budget results)

<b>Board of directors</b>	<b>Budget 2016</b>	<b>Actual 2016</b>	<b>Actual 2015</b>
Honorariums – members	\$ 26,000	\$ 18,850	\$20,760
Honorariums – chair	8,200	8,200	8,200
Travel	5,000	3,156	4,089
Translation	20,000	16,702	19,812
Other meeting expenses	6,000	4,297	6,054
	<b>65,200</b>	<b>51,205</b>	<b>58,915</b>
<b>Professional fees</b>	151,000	176,206	212,093
<b>Other</b>	5,350	3,583	3,371
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$221,550</b>	<b>\$230,994</b>	<b>\$274,379</b>

## Risk Management Agency (RMA)

RMA is the primary regulator of the 10 provincial credit unions and is responsible for the administration of the Stabilization Fund. The Fund is the primary and most significant source of funds available to provide financial assistance to credit unions. In 2016, RMA introduced a significant reduction in the level of the annual levy assessed to New Brunswick credit unions. This brings the level of the annual levy in line with the levies assessed by most deposit insurers in Canada. This is significant as it benefits member credit unions and assists them in remaining competitive in the marketplace.

The RMA reported good financial results in 2016 and no expenditures were incurred for financial assistance. This resulted in an increase in the Fund size of \$600,000 to \$22.1 million. As reported for 2015 this represents 2.22% of credit union system assets.

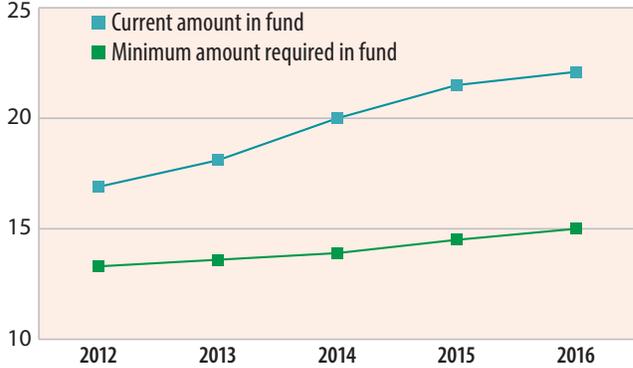
Financial results of RMA, in terms of Net Income and financial assistance to credit unions, have been excellent in recent years.

The Stabilization Fund is available in the event of a deposit insurance payout by NBCUDIC. The *Credit Unions Act* requires that NBCUDIC set the minimum size of the Stabilization Fund which is currently set at 1.5% of the credit union system assets (\$15 million at December 31, 2016). The *Credit Unions Act* requires that the Corporation review the minimum set for the size of the Stabilization Fund every 3 years. The last review was completed in the spring of 2015.

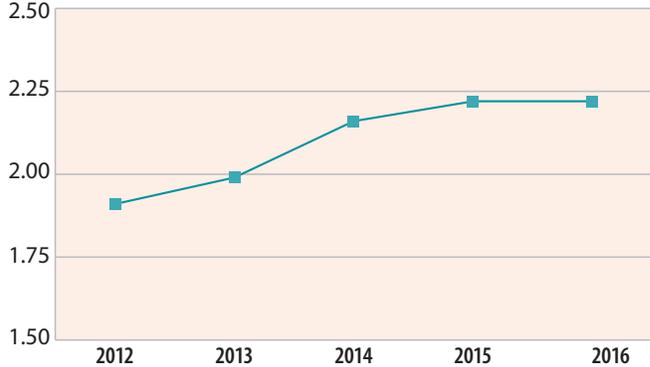
It is considered to be a sound business practice to maintain the Stabilization Fund at an amount higher than the minimum, thus providing greater assurance that the Fund will not fall below the minimum. The Fund, which is currently at 2.22% of credit union system assets is .72% over the 1.5% mandated minimum. In dollars, this represents an amount of \$7.1 million. This provides greater financial flexibility to RMA in the event it was required to payout financial assistance. The strong financial results of RMA in recent years have put the Stabilization Fund in a very good financial position, which reduces the risk that NBCUDIC could be required to provide financial assistance. The increase in the Stabilization Fund expressed in total dollars and as a % of system assets for the last 5 years is as follows:

Year	Credit Union Assets (in millions)	Stabilization Fund (in millions)	Fund as % of Credit Union Assets
2012	\$885.1	\$16.9	1.91%
2013	\$909.2	\$18.1	1.99%
2014	\$927.4	\$20.0	2.16%
2015	\$965.8	\$21.5	2.22%
2016	\$996.6	\$22.1	2.22%

Size of Fund (in \$M)



Fund size as % of System Assets



At its current level the size of the Stabilization Fund compares very favorably to deposit protection funds in other Canadian jurisdictions. The increase in the Stabilization Fund has been possible in light of the very low amount of financial assistance paid out by RMA in recent years. The reduction in the assessments rates implemented in 2016 will, if maintained in future years, reduce future growth in the size of the Fund.

The *Credit Unions Act* requires that the activities of RMA be subject to inspection by the Office of the Superintendent. This includes the approach used by RMA to monitor and inspect its member credit unions. These inspections provide further evidence that an appropriate regulatory regime is in place and that it is functioning in an effective manner.

As authorized by the *Credit Unions Act*, RMA had one credit union under its direct supervision at December 31, 2016. RMA is actively involved in the management of this small credit union which does not represent a financial risk to NBCUDIC. As in any such situation, the credit union will either be rehabilitated or have its operations discontinued or transferred to other credit unions.

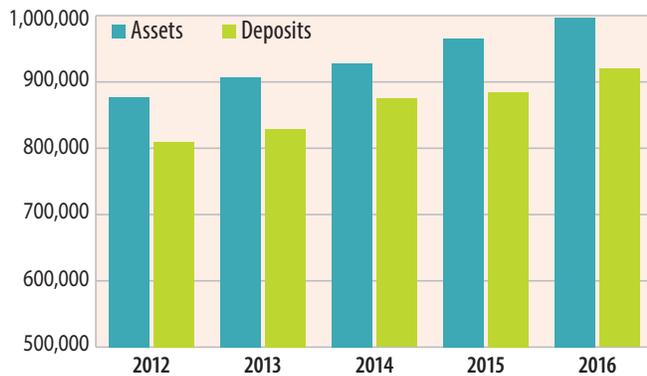
## NB credit unions

New Brunswick's 10 provincial credit unions continued to report positive financial results in 2016, although the final audited results are only filed at the end of April 2017, after this report is issued.

### *Assets and deposits:*

The growth in the credit union system can be measured by the increase in assets and in deposits which normally trend in the same direction. Growth experienced in NB credit unions in recent years has been modest but steady. Assets and deposits reported at December 31 from 2012 to 2016 have increased as follows:

(In 000's of dollars)



The increase in assets and deposits in 2016 represent an increase of 3.1%, which is modest by industry standards. The loan portfolio represents 83.4% of the assets held at 31 December 2016. These include personal, mortgage and commercial loans to credit union members. The availability of funds for making loans is very closely related to the funds received as deposits from credit union members. The level of delinquent loans and the related loan losses of NB credit unions are considered to be low, which is essential to the financial stability and strength of the credit union system.

The *Credit Unions Act* requires that credit unions maintain a minimum member equity position of 5% of assets. At December 31st, all NB credit unions met this legislated requirement. The equity of the 10 credit unions was 6.46% of system assets (2015 – 6.42%). The members' equity of each credit union is considered the first level of protection for the deposits received from members.

The size of each of the 10 credit unions varies widely and the 3 largest make up 76.8 % of the assets of the credit union system. This concentration is evidence of the trend in credit unions everywhere towards fewer but larger credit unions able to generate more economies of scale. These 3 credit unions operate in the larger urban centers of the Province and the surrounding communities. The other 7 credit unions hold the remaining 23.2 % of the system assets.

### *Earnings of credit unions:*

The credit union system of NB is reporting Net Income of \$3.2 million for 2016. This represents 33 basis points relative to the assets of the credit union system. These results are subject to final adjustments in the audited financial statements. The 2015 final results were received in the spring of 2016 and the income reported was \$2.4 million or 25 basis points after income tax and patronage rebates.

The current low interest rate environment and the competitive pressures in the industry significantly reduce the revenues of credit unions. Credit unions continue to implement measures to reduce expenses in order to maintain their positive income results. Initiatives at the regional level are aimed at achieving further reductions in the future. Economies of scale are often the best option for remaining viable since revenues are to a large extent determined by the market. To date, New Brunswick credit unions have been able to reduce expenses in an amount sufficient to compensate for the reductions in revenue. It is reasonable to expect that the current competitive pressures will continue in the future.

**Financial Profile of the credit union system and deposit protection funds (in millions)**

<b>(In millions of dollars or per \$100 of assets)</b>				
	<b>2016 (1)</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>Credit Unions</b>				
Assets	\$996.6	\$965.9	\$927.5	\$906.5
Deposits	\$919.8	\$894.5	\$858.0	\$836.7
Members' Equity	\$64.4	\$62.0	\$60.6	\$59.4
Equity % of Assets	6.46%	6.42%	6.50%	6.60%
Revenue – Gross Margin	\$35.5	\$36.1	\$35.9	\$35.3
Revenue per \$100 of Assets	\$3.62	\$3.73	\$3.91	\$4.05
Operating Expenses	\$31.7	\$32.1	\$33.1	\$34.5
Per \$100 of Assets	\$3.24	\$3.39	\$3.61	\$3.87
Tax and Rebates (2)	\$.51	\$.84	\$.74	\$.75
Per \$100 of Assets (2)	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$0.08	\$0.08
Net Income	\$3.2	\$2.4	\$2.0	\$0.86
Per \$100 of Assets	\$0.33	\$0.25	\$0.22	\$0.10
<b>Stabilization Board</b>				
Stabilization Fund	\$22.1	\$21.5	\$20.0	\$18.1
% of Credit Union Assets	2.22%	2.22%	2.16%	1.99%
<b>NBCUDIC</b>				
Deposit Insurance Fund	\$3.9	\$4.1	\$4.2	\$4.3
% of Credit Union Assets	.39%	.42%	.45%	.47%
Combined Stabilization Fund and Deposit Insurance Fund	2.61%	2.64%	2.61%	2.46%
Notes:				
1 The 2016 data is from the unaudited financial statements. Data of prior years is from the audited financial statements.				
2 The patronage rebates for 2016 are not recorded in the unaudited results.				

In recent years, credit unions have performed well and there have been no significant financial losses reported. The changes that are occurring in the industry will require that they continue to adapt their business model to a rapidly evolving environment. These positive results would not be possible without the sound management of credit unions and an effective system for monitoring, inspecting and addressing financial problems, which is the responsibility of RMA. NBCUDIC remains vigilant in an effort to identify any situation that could lead to significant financial problems in credit unions.



# Member institutions

**Advance Savings  
Credit Union Ltd.**  
141 Weldon Street  
Moncton, NB E1C 5W1  
Phone: (506) 853-8881  
[www.advancesavings.ca](http://www.advancesavings.ca)

**Bayview Credit Union Ltd.**  
57 King Street, Suites 200, 300 & 400  
Saint John, NB E2L 1G5  
Phone: (506) 634-1263  
[www.bayviewnb.com](http://www.bayviewnb.com)

**Beaubear Credit Union Ltd.**  
PO Box 764  
376 Water Street  
Miramichi, NB E1V 3V4  
Phone: (506) 622-4532  
[www.beaubear.ca](http://www.beaubear.ca)

**Blackville Credit Union Ltd.**  
128 Main Street  
Blackville, NB E9B 1P1  
Phone: (506) 843-2219  
[www.blackvillecu.ca](http://www.blackvillecu.ca)

**Church River Credit Union Ltd.**  
305 Burnt Church Road  
Burnt Church, NB E9G 4C8  
Phone: (506) 776-3247

**Citizens Credit Union Ltd.**  
179 Sunbury Drive  
Fredericton Junction, NB E5L 1R5  
Phone: (506) 368-9000  
[www.citizenscreditunion.com](http://www.citizenscreditunion.com)

**New Brunswick Teachers'  
Association Credit Union Ltd.**  
P. O. Box 752  
650 Montgomery Street  
Fredericton, NB E3B 5R6  
Phone: (506) 452-1724  
[www.nbtacu.nb.ca](http://www.nbtacu.nb.ca)

**Omista Credit Union Ltd.**  
1192 Mountain Road  
Moncton, NB E1C 2T6  
Phone: (506) 858-7206  
[www.omista.com](http://www.omista.com)

**Progressive Credit Union Ltd.**  
30 Hughes Street  
Fredericton, NB E3A 2W3  
Phone: (506) 458-9145  
[www.progressivecu.nb.ca](http://www.progressivecu.nb.ca)

**The Credit Union Ltd.**  
422 William Street  
Dalhousie, NB E8C 2X2  
Phone: (506) 684-5697  
[www.thecreditu.ca](http://www.thecreditu.ca)



# Strategic plan 2016-2018

## Mission

To provide deposit insurance to the credit unions depositors and in such circumstances as the Corporation considers appropriate, to assist the stabilization board in providing financial assistance to credit unions.

## Corporate values

- The clients of the Corporation are credit union members who will be treated equally with respect to deposit insurance protection.
- In carrying out its mission, the Corporation relies on its partners: the stabilization board, the Superintendent, and the Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick to regulate the activities of credit unions and to reduce the financial risks to the Corporation.
- The Corporation conducts its activities with integrity, transparency, and according to the established guiding principles. Its activities are conducted in both official languages.

## Goals and actions

- Review and update information requirements for purposes of assessing the financial risks affecting the Corporation.
- Assess the adequacy of reserves in the stabilization fund and in the deposit insurance fund and set the minimum fund level by May 2018.
- Conduct a self-assessment of the Corporation's performance in regard to its legislative responsibilities, and provide input to the legislative review process.
- Ensure adequate human resources are available to the Corporation by means of a secondment agreement with the Financial and Consumer Services Commission of New Brunswick.
- Maintain networking activities with other jurisdictions as appropriate.
- Review the adequacy of the Corporation's public awareness, primarily the deposit insurance brochure and the Corporation's website.
- Develop appropriate plans should the Corporation be required to provide financial assistance or payout deposit insurance.





Audited  
financial  
statements

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**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION  
DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION  
DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Chair and Directors of the New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016, the statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### *Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### *Auditors' Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### *Opinion*

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation as at December 31, 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Chartered Professional Accountants

March 30, 2017  
Fredericton, Canada

**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015**

	2016	2015
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash	\$ 111,822	\$ 40,594
Accounts and interest receivable	33,853	16,080
Investments (Note 4)	3,826,747	4,067,361
	<u>\$ 3,972,422</u>	<u>\$ 4,124,035</u>

**LIABILITIES**

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 98,616	\$ 71,275
	<u>98,616</u>	<u>71,275</u>

**EQUITY**

Deposit insurance fund (Note 6)	\$ 3,873,806	\$ 4,052,760
	<u>\$ 3,972,422</u>	<u>\$ 4,124,035</u>

Contingency and Guarantees (Note 5)

Approved by the Board

  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Chair

  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Director

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016, with comparative information for**  
**2015**

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	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
<b>REVENUE</b>		
Interest	\$ 52,040	\$ 114,142
<b>EXPENSES</b>		
Professional services and other	179,789	215,464
Board of directors – meetings and honorariums	51,205	58,915
	<u>230,994</u>	<u>274,379</u>
<b>NET LOSS, also being comprehensive loss</b>	<u>\$ (178,954)</u>	<u>\$ (160,237)</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016, with comparative information for**  
**2015**

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	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
<b>EQUITY - BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	\$ 4,052,760	\$ 4,212,997
Net loss	<u>(178,954)</u>	<u>(160,237)</u>
<b>EQUITY - END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 3,873,806</u>	<u>\$ 4,052,760</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016, with comparative information for**  
**2015**

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	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net loss	\$ (178,954)	\$ (160,237)
Interest revenue	(52,040)	(114,142)
	<u>(230,994)</u>	<u>(274,379)</u>
Changes in non-cash items		
Accounts and interest receivable	(17,773)	(1,421)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	27,341	(25,527)
	<u>(221,426)</u>	<u>(301,327)</u>
Interest received	20,720	160,035
	<u>(200,706)</u>	<u>(141,292)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of investments:		
Bankers' acceptances and T-Bills	(397,378)	(1,097,936)
Provincial bonds	(448,141)	(2,657,172)
Short term investments - net change	19,517	36,538
Proceeds from maturities of investments	1,097,936	3,806,000
	<u>271,934</u>	<u>87,430</u>
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash during the year</b>	71,228	(53,862)
Cash, beginning of year	40,594	94,456
<b>Cash, end of year</b>	<u>\$ 111,822</u>	<u>\$ 40,594</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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**1. Reporting entity and objectives**

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The New Brunswick Credit Union Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "Corporation") was created under the provisions of the *Credit Unions Act* proclaimed on January 31, 1994 and is incorporated and domiciled in New Brunswick, Canada. The mandate of the Corporation is to provide deposit insurance to members of credit unions incorporated under the *Credit Unions Act* of New Brunswick. Currently, coverage is provided for insured deposits of each credit union member to a maximum of \$250,000. The Corporation may also assist the stabilization board in providing financial assistance to credit unions.

The affairs of the Corporation are administered by a Board of Directors of six persons, four of whom are appointed by the Minister of Finance. The remaining two persons are the Superintendent of Credit Unions and the Deputy Minister of Finance or a designate.

**2. Basis of presentation**

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**(a) Statement of compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on March 30, 2017.

**(b) Basis of measurement**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments as discussed in note 3 (a).

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Corporation's functional currency.

**(c) Use of estimates and judgments**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in note 3.

Information about assumptions and estimation of uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year is included in note 5.

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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**3. Significant accounting policies**

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**(a) Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Corporation becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

A financial liability is derecognized when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except for financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities is as described below.

Loans and receivables:

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and have been classified as loans and receivables. The Corporation classifies cash and accounts and interest receivable in this category.

Held-to-maturity investments:

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity other than loans and receivables. Investments are classified as held-to-maturity if the Corporation has the intention and ability to hold them until maturity.

Held-to-maturity investments are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities:

The Corporation's financial liabilities include accounts payables and accrued liabilities.

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

**(b) Impairment of financial assets**

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably. The Corporation considers evidence of impairment for investments at both a specific asset and collective level.

**(c) Income taxes**

The Corporation is an agent of the crown thereby exempting it from income tax.

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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**3. Significant accounting policies** (continued)

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**(d) New standards and interpretations not yet effective**

Certain new standards, amendments and interpretations have been published that are mandatory for the Corporation's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 or later periods that the Corporation has decided not to early adopt. The standards, amendments and interpretations that will be relevant to the Corporation are:

**IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (2014) ("IFRS 9 (2014)")**

IFRS 9 (2014) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and introduces additional changes relating to financial liabilities. Under IFRS 9 (2014), financial assets are classified and measured based on the business model in which they are held and the characteristics of their contractual cash flows. It also amends the impairment model by introducing a new "expected credit loss" model for calculating impairment. IFRS 9 (2014) also introduces a new general hedge accounting standard which aligns hedge accounting more closely with risk management.

This standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The extent of the impact of adoption of the standard has not yet been determined.

**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

**4. Investments**

Investments consist of the following:

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Short-term deposits	\$ 113,523	\$ 133,040
Bankers' acceptance	247,818	1,097,936
T-Bills	149,560	-
Provincial bonds	3,315,846	2,836,385
Total	<u>\$ 3,826,747</u>	<u>\$ 4,067,361</u>

The amount shown as short-term deposits earns interest at the Special Purpose rate determined quarterly by the New Brunswick Department of Finance. Bankers' acceptances, T-Bills and provincial bonds mature at varying dates between 2017 and 2021.

The Corporation has contracted the New Brunswick Department of Finance to manage its investment portfolio.

Investments maturities and weighted average effective yields are as follows:

<b>2016</b>	Face Value	Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Effective Yield	Weighted days to maturity
Bankers' acceptance and T-Bills	\$ 400,000	\$ 397,379	0.8	49
Provincial bonds	\$ 3,377,000	\$ 3,315,846	1.5	964
Total	\$ 3,777,000	\$ 3,713,225	1.4	867

<b>2015</b>	Face Value	Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Effective Yield	Weighted days to maturity
Bankers' acceptance and T-Bills	\$ 1,103,000	\$ 1,097,936	0.8	184
Provincial bonds	\$ 2,968,000	\$ 2,836,385	1.5	1,213
Total	\$ 4,071,000	\$ 3,934,321	1.3	934

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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**5. Contingency and Guarantees**

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- (a) The Corporation provides deposit insurance to members of credit unions in New Brunswick to a maximum of \$250,000 for each member. As at December 31, 2016, deposits by members of credit unions in New Brunswick totaled \$920 million (2015 - \$3.8 billion). The large decrease in deposits is due to the transfer of the caisses populaires acadiennes to federal jurisdiction effective July 1, 2016 (note 9).
- (b) In 2007 and as part of a remediation package provided by the Province of New Brunswick to Caisse populaire de Shippagan limitée (Caisse), the Corporation entered into a guarantee and assumption of liabilities agreement with the Caisse whereby the Corporation guaranteed certain loans made by the Caisse and assumed certain contingent obligations of the Caisse. The Corporation's potential obligation under the agreement was \$18.5 million of which the liability in respect of the guaranteed loans of \$16.5 million expired in 2012. Based on management's evaluation of the elements of the guarantee and assumed liabilities which remain in force at December 31, 2016, no provisions have been made in these financial statements for contingent losses which are now deemed unlikely. The agreement also includes provisions whereby certain contingent recoveries accrue to the Corporation. Management estimates that contingent gains are likely to accrue to the Corporation but these cannot be reasonably estimated.

**6. Deposit Insurance Fund**

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Section 223 of the *Credit Unions Act* requires that the Corporation establish and maintain a deposit insurance fund.

In the event that the Corporation is obliged to make a payment under section 223 of the *Credit Unions Act* that should exceed the amount maintained in the deposit insurance fund, the Corporation may seek loans, advances, grants, loan guarantees or advance guarantees pursuant to section 228.

Under section 228 on the application of the Corporation, the Minister may, with the approval of the Lieutenant – Governor in Council and subject to such terms and conditions as the Minister considers appropriate, make loans, advances, or grants to the Corporation and guarantee any loans or advances made to the Corporation by others.

Under section 199 of the *Credit Unions Act* the Corporation can also, for the purpose of the liquidation of a credit union, request a stabilization board to transfer funds required by the Corporation to pay claims of depositors.

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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**7. Related party transactions**

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The New Brunswick Department of Finance manages the Corporation's investment portfolio at no cost. The provincial bonds included in the investments are in New Brunswick provincial bonds. The investments are priced on an arm's length basis and are settled in cash at maturity.

The Corporation operates as a separate entity within the Financial Institutions Division of the Financial and Consumer Services Commission. Pursuant to a Secondment Agreement, the Commission provides human resource services required for the administration of the Corporation and assumes the related salary and overhead costs. The estimated value of these services for 2016 is \$127,976 (2015 - \$144,756).

The Corporation purchases translation services from Service New Brunswick at rates similar to those charged to all government departments. The amount included in the expenses of the Board of Directors for these services in 2016 is \$16,702 (2015 - \$19,812).

**8. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities**

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The fair values of the Corporation's cash, accounts and interest receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the short-term nature.

The Corporation uses a fair value hierarchy to categorize the inputs used in valuation techniques to measure fair value of investments. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1 : quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 : inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3 : inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

In accordance with the above, the investments in bankers acceptances, T-Bills and provincial bonds have been valued as level 2 investments. Short term deposits held in the investment account have fair values which approximate their carrying values.

The fair value of investments at December 31, 2016 is \$3,824,082 (2015 - \$4,083,368).

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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**9. Risk and capital management disclosures**

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The Corporation has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk
- operational risk

**Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Corporation if counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Corporation's investments.

The Corporation invests only in provincial and federal bonds (with a minimum of A rating) and other low risk investments, and as such management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations. The maximum credit exposure is as follows:

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Cash	\$ 111,822	\$ 40,594
Accounts and interest receivable	33,853	16,080
Investments	3,826,747	4,067,361
	<u>\$ 3,972,422</u>	<u>\$ 4,124,035</u>

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Corporation's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due by investing in liquid investments.

**Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and investment prices will affect the Corporation's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Due to the nature of the Corporation's investments, management is of the opinion that the Corporation's exposure to market risk is low.

*Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments*

The Corporation does not account for any fixed rate financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

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**NEW BRUNSWICK CREDIT UNION DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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**9. Risk and capital management disclosures** (continued)

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**Operational risk**

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Corporation's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements. Operational risks arise from all of the Corporation's operations. The Corporation's primary operational risk is that credit unions will default, requiring the Corporation to reimburse insured deposits as described in note 5. If the reimbursement exceeds \$3,873,806 the Corporation would seek financial assistance from the Province of New Brunswick. The risk exposure is reduced by the stabilization fund of the Brunswick Credit Union Stabilization Board Limited with available assets of \$22.1 million as at December 31, 2016. The Corporation can request a transfer of funds from the stabilization fund to pay out claims of depositors in the event of the liquidation of a credit union.

In 2015 the caisses populaires acadiennes submitted an application to federal authorities seeking to transfer to federal jurisdiction. The review and approval process was completed in 2016 and the transfer was approved by provincial and federal authorities. As a result, the caisses populaires are no longer regulated under the *Credit Unions Act* of New Brunswick. Consequently, the Corporation's deposit insurance coverage provided to members of caisses populaires by the Corporation terminated effective July 1, 2016 the date of the transfer to federal jurisdiction. This reduced the total deposits insured by the Corporation from \$3.8 billion to \$ 920 million. Furthermore, the stabilization fund held by l'Office de stabilisation de la Fédération des caisses populaires Acadiennes Limitée is no longer available for deposits insured by the Corporation. However, the \$22.1 million stabilization fund currently held by the Brunswick Credit Union Stabilization Board Limited to protect credit union deposits will remain unchanged.

**Capital management**

The details of the Corporation's Deposit Insurance Fund are described in note 6.